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State Labor

SUMMARY

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina,
Labor Market Information Division

January 1990

State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

January 1990

Labor Market Information Division
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State Labor Summary North Carolina January 1990

HIGHLIGHTS

North Carolina's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in January 1990 was 3.7 percent, increasing 0.6 from the December 1989 rate of 3.1. In January 1989 the state's unemployment rate was 3.6. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 5.3 in January 1990 . The national rate was 5.2 in January 1989.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina in January was estimated at 3,361,000, a monthly decrease of 79,000 from the December estimate of 3,440,000. From January 1989, the civilian labor force saw a decrease of 11,000 people.

Employment, seasonally adjusted for January, declined to 3,237,000 from 3,332,000 in December for an decrease of 95,000 workers. The number employed in January 1990 was 15,000 less than in January 1989, for an decline of 0.5 percent. The number of persons unemployed increased by 16,000 in January (124,000) from (108,000) December. From a year ago (122,000), the unemployed estimate was up 2,000.

In January, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment reached 3,120,500, an increase of 4,000 from the prior month's estimate of 3,116,500. An over-the-month gain of 2,500 occurred in goods producing and a gain of 1,500 in service producing.This goods producing gain occurred primarily in the construction industry (+2,400). Employment gains in service producing were most significant in the wholesale trade industry (+7,600) and service & miscelleanous (+13,000).

From January 1989-January 1990 a total of 47,700 employees were cut from industry payrolls. Manufacturing employment declined by 3,000, to a level of 864,900 as employment in service producing was declining by 37,900 to a level of 2,053,800. The manufacturing losses by industry were small and spread throughout. In service producing losses of 1,700 workers occurred in finance, insurance, and real estate; 19,300 in trade; 3,800 in service & miscelleanous and 9,300 in government .

There were 9,244 persons placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission in January 1990. Of these,3,906 were placed in manufacturing industries. Almost 2,400 persons founds jobs in the service industry, while 1,587 individuals were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 2,065 individuals were employed in packaging and material handling; 1,212 in bench work; 1,548 in services, except domestic; and 1,093 in machine trades.

Production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries earned $8.63 an hour in January. The average hours worked were 40.1, and average weekly earnings amounted to $346.06. There was an increase of $ .34 an hour in average hourly earnings from January 1990 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing were the highest hourly wage earners at $19.85. In service producing, the average hourly earnings were highest among workers in communications, & electric, gas & sanitary services at $12.95.

The number of production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries declined by 2,500, from 675,100 in December to 672,600 in January. This decline was spread across the entire sector. The largest over-the-month loser was in textiles (-700) From January of last year, manufacturing lost 4,500 production workers. This loss occurred throughout the manufacturing sector with the largest loss in the cigarette industry (-2,200).

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

January 1990

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: Aug. 1989 through January 1990					
	Jan. 1989	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1989	Oct. 1989	Nov. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,909	5,016	5,021	5,027	5,032	5,038	4,971
Civilian Labor Force	3,374	3,432	3,454	3,432	3,412	3,440	3,361
Participation Rate[1]	68.7	68.4	68.8	68.2	67.8	68.3	67.6
Employed	3,252	3,304	3,315	3,321	3,318	3,332	3,237
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	66.2	65.9	66.0	66.1	65.9	66.1	65.1
Unemployed	122	128	139	111	94	108	124
Unemployment Rate	3.6	3.7	4.0	3.2	2.8	3.1	3.7
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	--	---	---	---	--	--	---

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: November 1989 through January 1990		
	Jan. 1989	Nov. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,909	5,032	5,038	4,971
Civilian Labor Force	3,344	3,425	3,417	3,332
Participation Rate[1]	68.1	68.1	67.8	67.0
Employed	3,194	3,328	3,314	3,179
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.1	66.1	65.8	64.0
Unemployed	150	97	103	153
Unemployment Rate	4.5	2.8	3.0	4.6
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.3	1.2	1.6	2.6

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

January 1990

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: Aug. 1989 through January 1990					
	Jan. 1989	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1989	Oct. 1989	Nov. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	185,644	186,598	186,726	186,861	187,017	187,165	187,293
Civilian Labor Force	123,265	124,018	124,040	124,105	124,515	124,546	124,397
Participation Rate[1]	66.4	66.5	66.4	66.4	66.6	66.5	66.4
Employed	116,640	117,597	117,456	117,545	117,786	117,888	117,863
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.8	63.0	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.0	62.9
Unemployed	6,625	6,421	6,584	6,561	6,729	6,658	6,535
Unemployment Rate	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.3

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: November 1989 through January 1990		
	Jan. 1989	Nov. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	185,644	187,017	187,017	187,293
Civilian Labor Force	122,095	124,515	124,515	123,293
Participation Rate[1]	65.8	66.6	66.6	65.8
Employed	114,786	117,786	117,786	116,037
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	61.8	63.0	63.0	62.0
Unemployed	7,309	6,729	6,729	7,256
Unemployment Rate	6.0	5.4	5.4	5.9
Insured Unemployment Rate	2.6	2.0	2.4	2.6

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1989 - January 1990

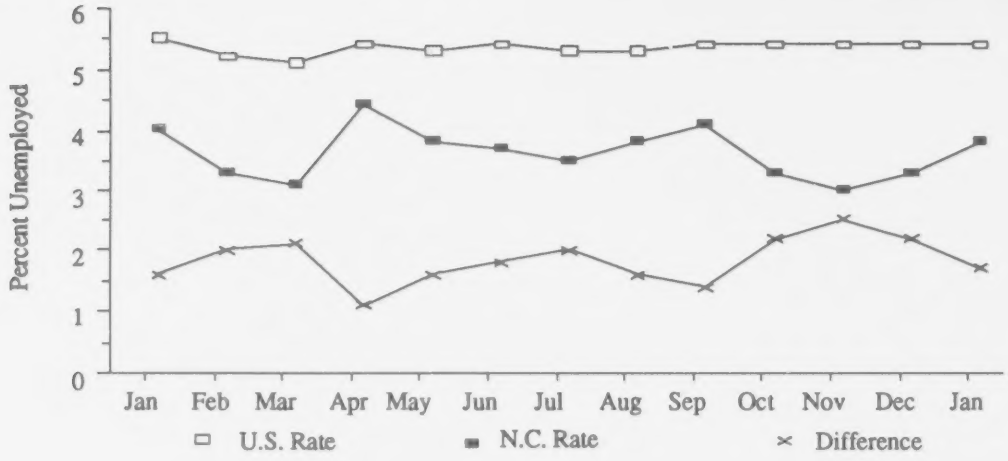

Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

January 1989-January 1990

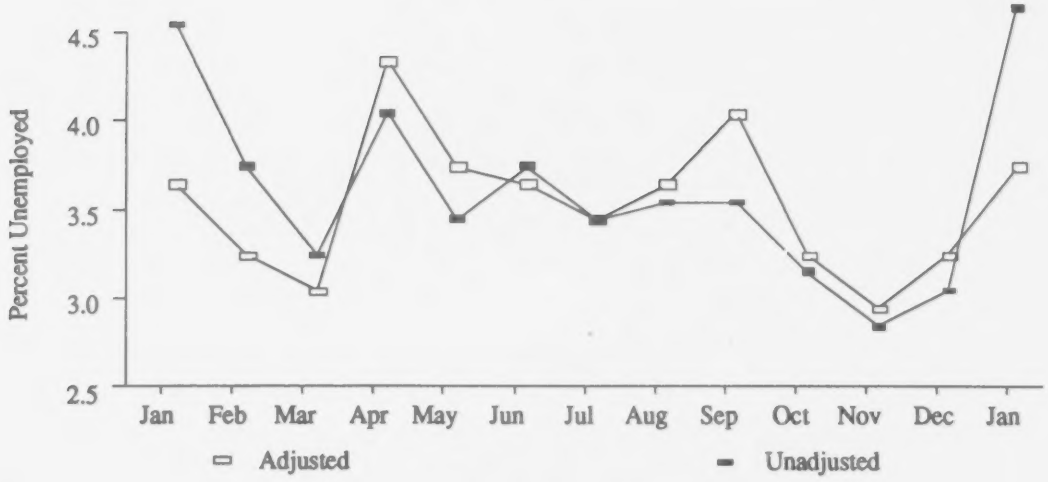

Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Change From: Dec. 1989 Net	Dec. 1989 Percent	Jan. 1989 Net	Jan. 1989 Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,331.8	3,417.1	3,381.3	- 85.3	- 2.5	- 49.5	- 1.5
Employment, Total	3,179.3	3,314.3	3,230.9	- 135.0	- 4.1	- 51.6	- 1.6
Unemployment, Total	152.5	102.8	150.4	+ 49.7	+ 48.3	+ 2.1	+ 1.4
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	4.6	3.0	4.4	+ 1.6	xxx	+ 0.2	xxx
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,361.0	3,396.0	3,374.0	- 35.0	- 1.0	- 13.0	- 0.4
Employment, Total	3,327.0	3,289.0	3,252.0	- 52.0	- 1.6	- 15.0	- 0.5
Unemployment, Total	124.0	107.0	122.0	+ 17.0	+ 15.9	+ 2.0	+ 1.6
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.7	3.2	3.6	+ 0.5	xxx	+ 0.1	xxx
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,120.5	3,116.5	3,037.0	+ 4.0	+ 0.1	+ 83.5	+ 2.7
Goods Producing	1,042.7	1,040.2	1,042.9	+ 2.5	- 0.2	- 0.2	*
Mining	4.9	4.9	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	168.7	166.3	167.2	+ 2.4	+ 1.4	+ 1.5	+ 0.9
Manufacturing	869.1	869.0	870.8	+ 0.1	*	- 1.7	- 0.2
Durable Goods	375.5	358.3	356.4	- 0.8	- 0.2	+ 1.1	+ 0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	37.6	37.6	37.0	0.0	0.0	+ 0.6	+ 1.6
Sawmills & Planing Mills	13.4	13.1	12.9	+ 0.3	+ 2.3	+ 0.5	+ 3.9
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	10.1	10.0	9.6	+ 0.1	+ 1.0	+ 0.5	+ 5.2
Furniture & Fixtures	86.7	87.0	88.6	- 0.3	- 0.3	- 1.9	- 2.1
Household Furniture	76.7	77.3	78.7	- 0.6	- 0.8	- 2.0	- 2.5
Wood Household Furniture	37.3	37.6	38.6	- 0.3	- 0.8	- 1.3	- 3.4
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.5	32.6	33.3	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.8	- 2.4

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent
All data are based upon 1987 Standard Industrial Codes
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Change From: Dec. 1989 Net	Dec. 1989 Percent	Jan. 1989 Net	Jan. 1989 Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	21.0	21.0	21.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Structural Clay Products	2.6	2.6	2.7	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 3.7
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	6.0	5.8	6.2	+ 0.2	+ 3.4	- 0.2	- 3.2
Primary Metal Products	12.1	12.2	11.8	- 0.1	- 0.8	+ 0.3	+ 2.5
Fabricated Metal Products	30.7	30.5	30.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 0.4	+ 1.3
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	9.2	9.1	9.0	+ 0.1	+ 1.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.1
Machinery, exc. Electrical	65.1	65.6	62.3	- 0.5	- 0.8	+ 2.8	+ 4.5
Special Industry Machinery	7.6	7.7	7.8	- 0.1	- 1.3	- 0.2	- 2.6
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	56.4	56.4	57.3	0.0	0.0	- 0.9	- 1.6
Household Appliances	5.1	4.7	5.2	+ 0.4	+ 8.5	- 0.1	- 1.9
Transportation Equipment	27.1	27.2	27.4	- 0.1	- 0.4	- 0.3	- 1.1
Other Durable Goods[4]	20.8	20.8	20.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.5
Nondurable Goods	511.6	510.7	514.4	+ 0.9	+ 0.2	- 2.8	- 0.5
Food & Kindred Products	51.5	51.4	51.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.5	+ 1.0
Meat Products	23.9	24.0	23.9	- 0.1	- 0.4	0.0	0.0
Meat Packing Products	2.7	2.6	2.6	+ 0.1	+ 3.8	+ 0.1	+ 3.8
Dairy Products	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Grain Mill Products	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 4.0
Bakery Products	8.7	8.6	8.3	+ 0.1	+ 1.2	+ 0.4	+ 4.8
Beverages	5.8	5.6	6.3	+ 0.2	+ 3.6	- 0.5	- 7.9
Tobacco Manufacturers	21.4	21.2	23.6	+ 0.2	+ 0.9	- 2.2	- 9.3
Cigarettes	15.3	15.2	18.6	+ 0.1	+ 0.7	- 3.3	- 17.7
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.5	5.1	4.6	+ 0.4	+ 7.8	+ 0.9	- 19.6
Textile Mill Products	218.8	218.8	219.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.7	- 3.3	- 17.7
Broadwoven Fabrics: Cotton, Manmade & Wool	51.3	51.3	52.7	0.0	0.0	- 1.4	- 2.7
Broadwoven Fabrics: Cotton	23.5	24.1	24.1	- 0.2	- 0.8	- 0.6	- 2.5
Broadwoven Fabrics, Manmade	25.8	25.5	26.8	+ 0.3	+ 1.2	- 1.0	- 3.7

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Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Change From: Dec. 1989 Net	Dec. 1989 Percent	Jan. 1989 Net	Jan. 1989 Percent
Knitting Mills	85.4	85.8	83.1	- 0.4	- 0.5	+ 2.3	+ 2.8
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	23.2	23.2	22.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.5	+ 2.2
Hosiery, NEC	24.6	24.5	24.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.6	+ 2.5
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	17.0	16.9	16.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.6	+ 0.6	+ 3.7
Lace & Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.5	6.5	6.1	0.0	0.0	+ 0.4	+ 6.6
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	16.9	16.5	16.9	+ 0.4	+ 2.4	0.0	0.0
Yarn & Thread Mills	49.1	49.7	51.3	- 0.6	- 1.2	- 2.2	- 4.3
Apparel & Other Textile Products	82.4	82.2	83.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	- 0.7	- 0.8
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	28.2	28.3	28.3	- 0.1	- 0.4	- 0.1	- 0.4
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	32.7	32.8	34.2	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 1.5	- 4.4
Paper & Allied Products	22.9	22.9	23.0	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 0.4
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.6	9.7	9.9	- 0.1	- 1.0	- 0.3	- 3.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	9.1	9.0	9.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.1	0.0	0.0
Printing & Publishing	30.3	30.4	30.0	- 0.1	- 0.3	+ 0.3	+ 1.0
Newspapers	10.6	10.7	10.5	- 0.1	- 0.9	+ 0.1	+ 1.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	45.5	44.8	43.2	+ 0.7	+ 1.6	+ 2.3	+ 5.3
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	14.9	15.0	14.2	- 0.1	- 0.7	+ 0.7	+ 4.9
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastic Products	34.5	34.6	36.0	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 1.5	- 4.2
Other Nondurable Goods[5]	4.3	4.4	4.6	- 0.1	- 2.3	- 0.3	- 6.5
Service Producing	2,077.8	2,076.3	1,994.1	+ 1.5	+ 0.1	+ 83.7	+ 4.2
Transportation	154.9	154.2	151.6	+ 0.7	+ 0.5	+ 3.3	+ 2.2
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.6	55.6	57.8	+ 1.0	+ 1.8	- 1.2	- 2.1

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Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Change From: Dec. 1989 Net	Dec. 1989 Percent	Jan. 1989 Net	Jan. 1989 Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	735.0	736.0	701.3	- 1.0	- 0.1	+ 33.7	+ 4.8
Wholesale Trade	172.5	164.9	166.5	+ 7.6	+ 4.6	+ 6.0	+ 3.6
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	101.9	99.3	99.5	+ 2.6	+ 2.6	+ 2.4	+ 2.4
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	70.6	65.6	67.0	+ 5.0	+ 7.6	+ 3.6	+ 5.4
Retail Trade	562.5	571.1	534.8	- 8.6	- 1.5	+ 27.7	+ 5.2
General Merchandise Stores	83.3	94.2	73.9	- 10.9	- 11.6	+ 9.4	+ 12.7
Food Stores	90.2	92.3	87.3	- 2.1	- 2.3	+ 2.9	+ 3.3
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	132.7	132.2	130.7	+ 0.5	+ 0.4	+ 2.0	+ 1.5
Service & Miscellaneous[6]	582.0	569.0	542.5	+ 13.0	+ 2.3	+ 39.5	+ 7.3
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	33.4	29.0	30.7	+ 4.4	+ 15.2	+ 2.7	+ 8.8
Personal Services	29.7	29.5	28.4	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 1.3	+ 4.6
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.6	13.9	13.5	- 0.3	- 2.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.7
Total Government	473.2	484.9	468.0	- 11.7	- 2.4	+ 5.2	+ 1.1
Federal	54.8	54.0	55.0	+ 0.8	+ 1.5	- 0.2	- 0.4
State	134.1	144.2	135.2	- 10.1	- 7.0	- 1.1	+ 0.8
Education	68.5	78.5	69.6	- 10.0	- 12.7	- 1.1	- 1.6
Other	65.6	65.7	65.6	- 0.1	- 0.2	0.0	0.0
Local	284.3	286.7	277.8	- 2.4	- 0.8	+ 6.5	+ 2.3
Education	146.3	150.4	145.4	- 4.1	- 2.7	+ 0.9	+ 0.6
Other	138.0	136.3	132.4	+ 1.7	+ 1.2	+ 5.6	+ 4.2
All Other Nonag. Employment[7]	260.4	260.8	280.6	- 0.4	- 0.2	- 20.2	- 7.2
Agriculture	42.1	47.1	44.2	- 5.0	- 10.6	+ 2.1	+ 4.8

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[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1990

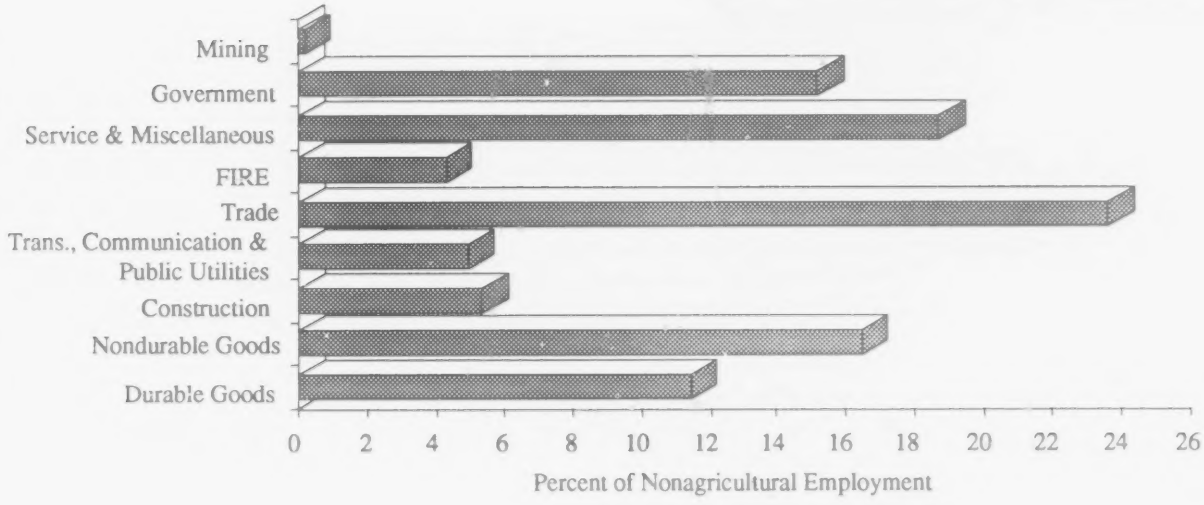


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

Janaury 1990

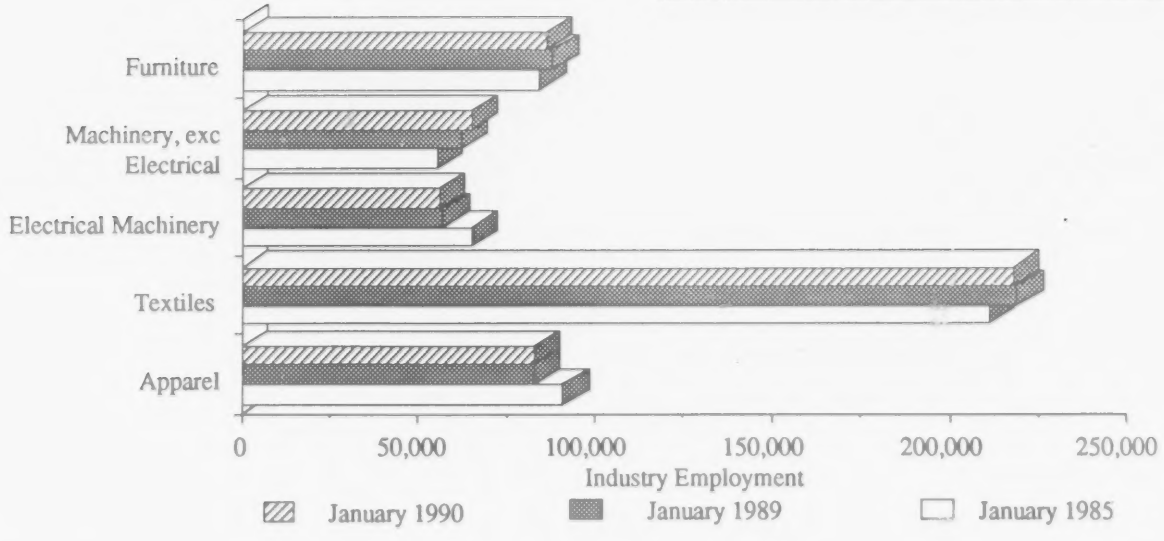


Table 4

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions January 1990[1]

Occupational Categories and Divisions	Total Individuals Placed[2]	Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2, 3]	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining	Construction
Total	9,244	9,023	247	7	986
Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations	329	327	0	0	1
Clerical Occupations	1,261	1,237	9	0	26
Sales Occupations	436	433	0	0	4
Domestic Service Occupations	87	78	0	0	0
Other Service Occupations	1,548	1,421	3	21	55
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations	230	212	171	0	6
Processing Occupations	729	724	3	4	2
Machine Trade Occupations	1,093	1,089	1	2	56
Benchwork Occupations	1,212	1,207	30	0	4
Structural Work Occupations	1,211	1,174	3	0	831
Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations	271	268	3	0	19
Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations	2,065	1,970	26	0	27
Miscellaneous Occupations	82	82	0	1	1

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Table 4
(Continued)

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions January 1990[1]

Manufacturing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	Services	Public Administration	Government
3,906	327	1,587	173	2,377	453	904
45	15	41	9	122	99	152
158	92	389	94	384	129	225
6	9	359	15	40	1	184
0	1	0	0	76	1	8
55	3	420	41	783	135	225
8	0	9	1	10	18	26
705	0	10	0	2	0	1
910	5	52	0	66	1	6
1,022	0	16	0	154	0	2
172	21	23	13	133	34	44
43	78	73	0	45	15	14
995	103	227	0	644	2	2
31	2	0	0	24	25	25

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Figure 5

A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1989-January 1990

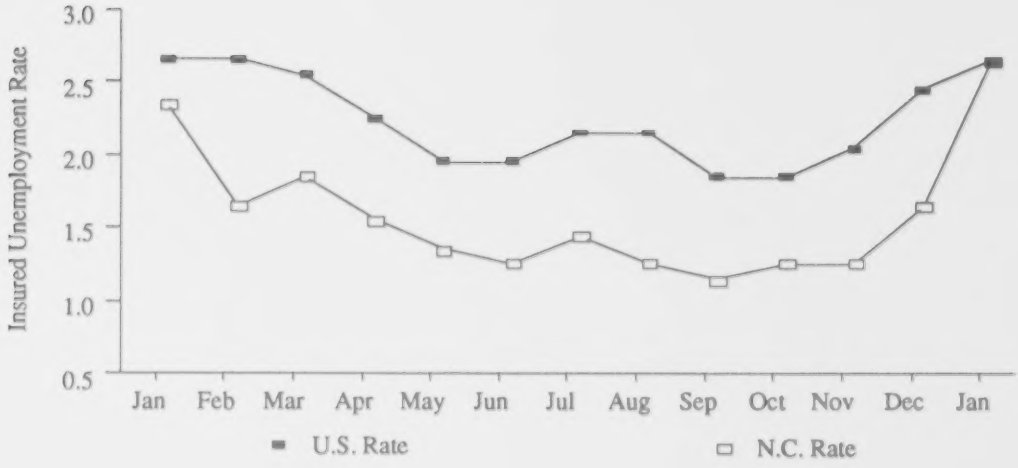
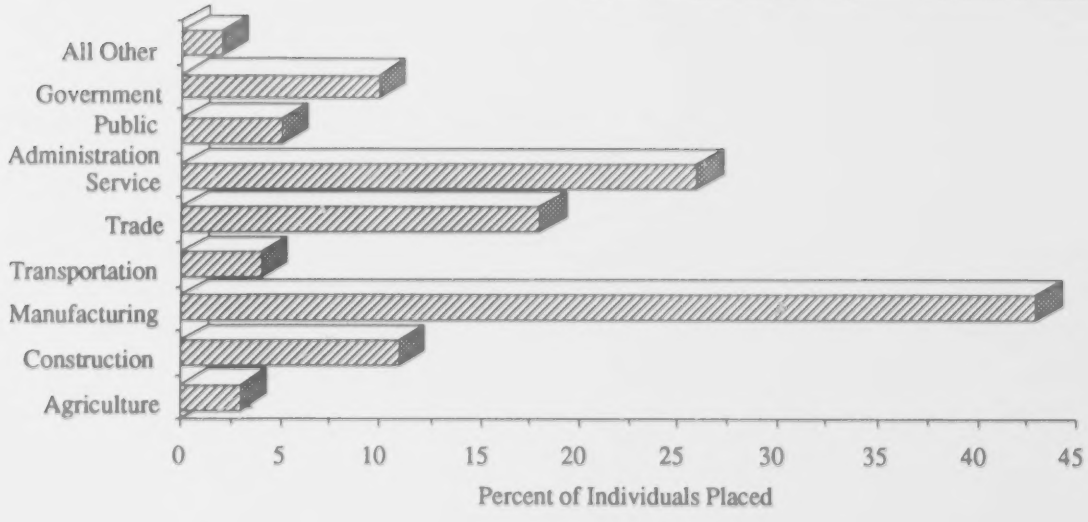


Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

January 1990



Appendix

Table I — *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II — *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I — *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II — *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III — *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,081.4	3,129.1	2,997.7	- 1.5	+ 2.8
Goods Producing	1,027.6	1,037.4	1,027.9	- 0.9	*
Mining	4.8	4.9	4.8	- 2.0	0.0
Construction	157.9	164.6	156.5	- 4.1	+ 0.9
Manufacturing	864.9	867.9	866.6	- 0.3	- 0.2
Durable Goods	356.4	358.5	355.3	- 0.6	+ 0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	36.9	37.0	36.3	- 0.3	+ 1.7
Sawmills & Planing Mills	13.1	13.0	12.6	+ 0.8	+ 4.0
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.9	9.9	9.4	0.0	+ 5.3
Furniture & Fixtures	87.1	87.5	89.0	- 0.5	- 2.1
Household Furniture	77.3	77.6	79.3	- 0.4	- 2.5
Wood Household Furniture	37.6	37.9	38.9	- 0.8	- 3.3
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.6	32.7	33.4	- 0.3	- 2.4
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	20.7	21.0	20.7	- 1.4	0.0
Structural Clay Products	2.5	2.6	2.6	- 3.8	- 3.8
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	5.8	5.8	6.0	0.0	- 3.3
Primary Metal Industries	12.1	12.1	11.8	0.0	+ 2.5
Fabricated Metal Industries	30.6	30.7	30.2	- 0.3	- 1.3
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	9.1	9.1	9.0	0.0	+ 1.1
Machinery, except Electrical	65.0	65.8	62.2	- 1.2	+ 4.5
Special Industry Machinery	7.7	7.7	7.9	0.0	- 2.5
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	56.2	56.4	57.1	- 0.4	- 1.6
Household Appliances	4.9	4.9	5.0	0.0	- 2.0
Transportation Equipment	27.1	27.3	27.4	- 0.7	- 1.1
Other Durable Goods[3]	20.7	20.7	20.6	0.0	+ 0.5
Nondurable Goods	508.5	509.4	511.3	- 0.2	- 0.5
Food & Kindred Products	50.6	50.9	50.1	- 0.6	+ 1.0
Meat Products	23.7	23.9	23.7	- 0.8	0.0
Meat Packing Plants	2.7	2.7	2.6	0.0	+ 3.8
Dairy Products	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0
Grain Mill Products	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0	- 4.0
Bakery Products	8.7	8.7	8.3	0.0	+ 4.8
Beverages	5.7	5.6	6.1	+ 1.8	- 6.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Percent Change From: Dec. 1989	Jan. 1989
Tobacco Manufacturers	21.8	21.6	24.1	+ 0.9	- 9.5
Cigarettes	15.3	15.1	18.6	+ 1.3	- 17.7
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	6.1	6.0	5.1	+ 1.7	+ 19.6
Textile Mill Products	217.3	218.1	218.4	- 0.4	- 0.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Manmade & Wool	51.5	51.5	52.9	0.0	- 2.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	23.7	23.8	24.3	- 0.4	- 2.5
Weaving Mills, Manmade	25.7	25.6	26.7	+ 0.4	- 3.7
Knitting Mills	84.5	84.8	82.2	- 0.4	+ 2.8
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	23.2	23.2	22.7	0.0	+ 2.2
Hosiery, NEC	24.1	24.2	23.5	- 0.4	+ 2.6
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	16.8	16.8	16.2	0.0	+ 3.7
Lace & Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.4	6.4	6.0	0.0	+ 6.7
Textile Finishing, except Wool	16.9	16.7	16.9	+ 1.2	0.0
Yarn & Thread Mills	49.2	49.8	51.4	- 1.2	- 4.3
Apparel & Other Textile Products	81.9	82.4	82.6	- 0.6	- 0.8
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	28.1	28.2	28.2	- 0.4	- 0.4
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	32.5	32.7	34.0	- 0.6	- 4.4
Paper & Allied Products	22.9	22.9	23.0	0.0	- 0.4
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.7	9.7	10.0	0.0	- 3.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	9.0	9.1	9.0	- 1.1	0.0
Printing & Publishing	30.5	30.4	30.2	+ 0.3	+ 1.0
Newspapers	10.7	10.7	10.6	0.0	+ 0.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	45.1	44.4	42.8	+ 1.6	+ 5.4
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	14.9	15.0	14.2	- 0.7	+ 4.9
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	34.2	34.4	35.6	- 0.6	- 3.9
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.2	4.3	4.5	- 2.3	- 6.7

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1989
Service Producing	2,053.8	2,091.7	1,969.8	- 1.8	+ 4.3
Transportation & Public Utilities	152.3	155.6	149.0	- 2.1	+ 2.2
Communications & Utilities	56.1	56.1	57.3	0.0	- 2.1
Wholesale & Retail Trade	723.1	742.9	690.0	- 2.7	+ 4.8
Wholesale Trade	170.2	170.7	164.3	- 0.3	+ 3.6
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	101.3	101.1	98.9	+ 0.2	+ 2.4
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	68.9	69.6	65.4	- 1.0	+ 5.4
Retail Trade	552.9	572.2	525.7	- 3.4	+ 5.2
General Merchandise Stores	84.5	91.1	75.0	- 7.2	+ 12.7
Food Stores	89.7	91.6	86.9	- 2.1	+ 3.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	131.2	132.9	129.3	- 1.3	+ 1.5
Service & Miscellaneous[5]	568.6	572.4	530.0	- 0.7	+ 7.3
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	29.5	30.5	27.1	- 3.3	+ 8.9
Personal Services	30.0	29.1	28.7	+ 3.1	+ 4.5
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.6	13.9	13.5	- 2.2	+ 0.7
Health Services	149.1	148.5	140.2	+ 0.4	+ 6.3
Hospitals	61.8	61.2	56.4	+ 1.0	+ 9.6
Legal Services	13.3	13.3	12.9	0.0	+ 3.1
Education Services	36.3	35.7	31.9	+ 1.7	+ 13.8
Total Government	478.6	487.9	471.5	- 1.9	+ 1.5
Federal	54.1	54.2	54.3	- 0.2	- 0.4
State	134.5	142.6	133.6	- 5.7	+ 1.4
Education	68.7	76.6	69.8	- 10.3	- 1.6
Other	65.8	66.0	63.8	- 0.3	+ 3.1
Local	290.0	291.1	283.6	- 0.4	+ 2.3
Education	154.6	155.2	153.7	- 0.4	+ 0.6
Other	135.4	135.9	129.9	- 0.4	+ 4.2

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1990[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989
Mining	$443.41	$418.04	$442.27	45.2	43.5	47.0	$9.81	$9.61	$9.41
Manufacturing	346.06	345.37	334.92	40.1	40.3	40.4	8.63	8.57	8.29
Durable Goods	362.56	366.13	352.15	40.6	41.0	40.9	8.93	8.93	8.61
Lumber & Wood Products	314.72	317.09	303.96	40.4	40.6	40.8	7.79	7.81	7.45
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	308.83	318.57	297.41	39.9	41.0	40.3	7.74	7.77	7.38
Furniture & Fixtures	309.64	316.01	289.94	38.9	39.7	38.0	7.96	7.96	7.63
Household Furniture	306.89	314.42	289.56	38.7	39.6	38.0	7.93	7.94	7.62
Wood Household Furniture	302.19	308.84	285.44	40.4	41.4	39.7	7.48	7.46	7.19
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	390.42	377.78	372.89	40.5	39.6	40.4	9.64	9.54	9.23
Structural Clay Products	306.98	319.56	289.79	37.3	39.5	37.2	8.23	8.09	7.79
Primary Metal Industries	433.58	442.37	420.92	42.3	43.2	43.8	10.25	10.24	9.61
Fabricated Metal Industries	401.99	420.46	382.33	41.7	42.6	42.2	9.64	9.87	9.06
Machinery, exc. Electrical	404.91	411.40	401.04	41.7	42.5	42.8	9.71	9.68	9.37
Special Industry Machinery	397.62	404.71	390.28	42.3	43.1	42.7	9.40	9.39	9.14
Electrical Machinery	384.29	380.37	393.44	41.5	41.3	41.9	9.26	9.21	9.39
Household Appliances	271.36	264.86	289.82	37.9	38.0	41.7	7.16	6.97	6.95
Transportation Equipment	418.78	422.35	413.33	41.3	41.9	43.6	10.14	10.08	9.48
Nondurable Goods	335.91	332.77	325.22	39.8	39.9	40.2	8.44	8.34	8.09
Food & Kindred Products	315.29	322.21	291.85	41.0	41.9	40.2	7.69	7.69	7.26
Meat Products	278.14	282.81	255.96	41.5	42.4	40.5	6.63	6.67	6.32
Meat Packing Products	406.00	411.52	367.92	47.1	48.3	43.8	8.62	8.52	8.40

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1990[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989
Dairy Products	327.54	363.27	320.14	42.1	46.1	42.8	7.78	7.88	7.48
Grain Mill Products	385.49	385.12	346.54	46.5	46.4	43.7	8.29	8.30	7.93
Bakery Products	327.92	347.73	314.81	39.7	42.2	39.4	8.26	8.24	7.99
Beverages	521.26	548.97	513.09	39.4	40.1	38.9	13.23	13.69	13.19
Tobacco Manufacturers	561.44	556.87	547.23	36.6	37.1	36.9	15.34	15.01	14.83
Cigarettes	732.47	721.65	655.62	36.9	36.8	37.4	19.85	19.61	17.53
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	207.28	212.82	212.98	35.8	37.6	34.8	5.79	5.66	6.12
Textile Mill Products	305.20	301.64	298.00	40.0	39.9	40.6	7.63	7.56	7.34
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	351.96	345.28	324.40	42.0	41.5	40.0	8.38	8.32	8.11
Weaving Mills, Cotton	358.27	359.48	309.46	42.6	43.0	38.3	8.41	8.36	8.08
Weaving Mills, Manmade	35.64	336.96	339.83	42.1	40.5	41.8	8.40	8.32	8.13
Knitting Mills	272.31	268.93	272.74	38.3	38.2	39.7	7.11	7.04	6.87
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	249.38	258.05	247.26	37.9	39.7	39.0	6.58	6.50	6.34
Hosiery, NEC	258.49	236.66	261.30	37.3	34.6	39.0	6.93	6.84	6.70
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	318.68	306.83	318.36	40.7	39.9	42.0	7.83	7.69	7.58
Lace & Warp Knit Fabric	327.02	341.06	330.81	41.5	42.9	43.3	7.88	7.95	7.64
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	301.85	315.75	329.95	39.1	40.9	43.3	7.72	7.72	7.62
Yarn & Thread Mills	302.35	296.86	298.39	40.1	39.9	41.5	7.54	7.44	7.19
Apparel & Other Textile Products	220.60	220.29	216.98	37.2	37.4	38.0	5.93	5.89	5.71
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	220.10	223.01	217.53	36.2	36.8	37.7	6.08	6.06	5.77
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	211.86	198.74	204.38	37.9	36.2	37.5	5.59	5.49	5.45

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS..

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1990[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989	Jan. 1990	Dec.[3] 1989	Jan.[3] 1989
Paper & Allied Products	520.78	515.70	488.91	43.8	43.3	43.0	11.89	11.91	11.37
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	679.17	685.89	629.85	44.8	44.8	42.5	15.16	15.31	14.82
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	420.65	410.45	409.09	43.5	42.8	43.8	9.67	9.59	9.34
Printing & Publishing	389.44	381.37	358.72	39.1	38.6	37.8	9.96	9.88	9.49
Newspapers	301.46	310.15	285.08	31.8	33.1	31.5	9.48	9.37	9.05
Chemicals & Allied Products	486.49	489.38	468.90	42.6	43.5	42.9	11.42	11.25	10.93
Plastics & Synthetics	495.67	503.88	511.86	40.2	40.8	43.6	12.33	12.35	11.74
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	436.40	417.60	420.99	40.9	40.0	41.6	10.67	10.44	10.12
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	552.97	568.98	528.67	42.7	43.6	42.6	12.95	13.05	12.41
Wholesale & Retail Trade	219.73	221.58	210.91	31.3	31.7	31.2	7.02	6.99	6.76
Wholesale Trade	356.46	358.02	337.95	39.0	39.0	38.8	9.14	9.18	8.71
Retail Trade	180.71	183.22	174.00	29.1	29.6	29.0	6.21	6.19	6.00
General Merchandise Stores	170.00	197.03	154.59	27.2	30.5	26.7	6.25	6.46	5.79
Food Stores	186.55	189.70	181.78	29.8	30.4	29.8	6.26	6.24	6.10
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	147.41	151.66	133.50	27.4	28.4	26.7	5.38	5.34	5.00
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	212.18	214.83	205.37	34.5	34.1	34.4	6.15	6.30	5.97

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

January 1990

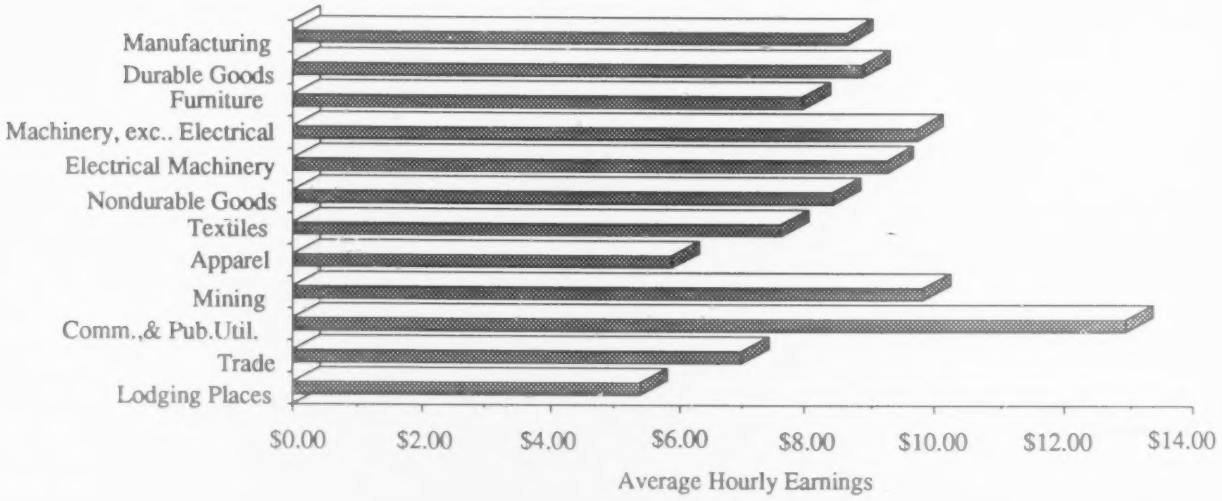


Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

January 1990

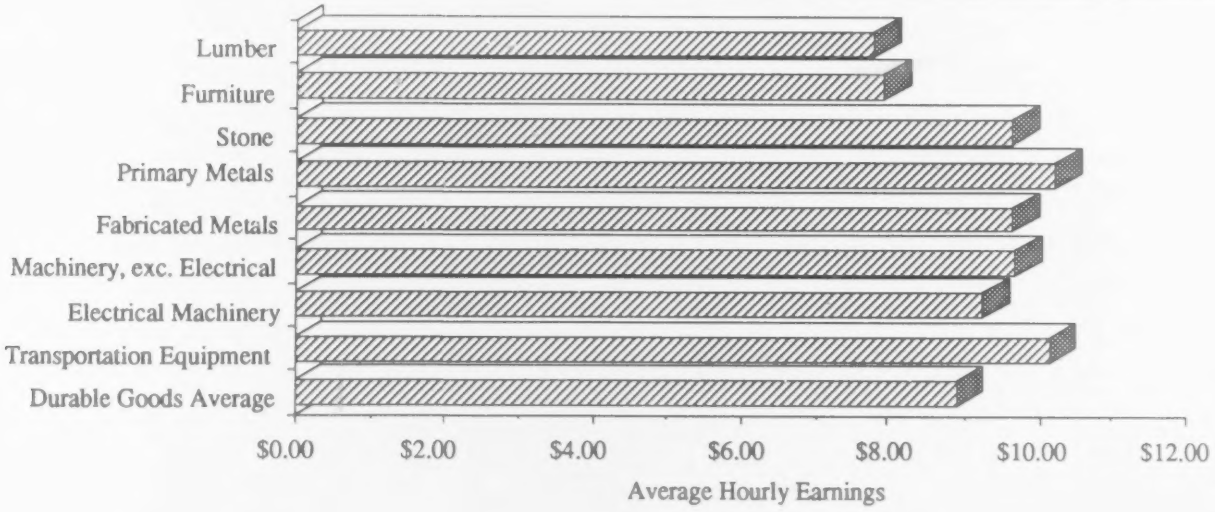


Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

January 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1989
Manufacturing	672.6	675.1	677.1	- 0.4	- 0.7
Durable Goods	261.4	262.8	262.6	- 0.5	- 0.5
Lumber & Wood Products	31.3	31.3	30.3	0.0	+ 3.3
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	8.2	8.2	7.9	0.0	+ 3.8
Furniture & Fixtures	75.8	76.1	77.1	- 0.4	- 1.7
Household Furniture	67.7	68.0	69.1	- 0.4	- 2.0
Wood Household Furniture	33.7	34.0	35.2	- 0.9	- 4.3
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	16.5	16.8	16.4	- 1.8	+ 0.6
Structural Clay Products	1.9	2.0	2.0	- 5.0	- 5.0
Primary Metal Industries	9.2	9.2	9.0	0.0	+ 2.2
Fabricated Metal Industries	22.1	22.2	22.0	- 0.5	+ 0.5
Machinery, except Electrical	32.8	33.2	31.8	- 1.2	+ 3.1
Special Industry Machinery	5.1	5.1	5.2	0.0	- 1.9
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	37.4	37.5	39.0	- 0.3	- 4.1
Household Appliances	4.3	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0
Transportation Equipment	21.8	22.0	22.5	- 0.9	- 3.1
Other Durable Goods[3]	20.7	14.5	14.5	+42.8	+ 42.8
Nondurable Goods	411.2	412.3	414.5	- 0.3	- 0.8
Food & Kindred Products	36.1	36.5	35.3	- 1.1	+ 2.3
Meat Products	20.1	20.5	20.2	- 2.0	- 0.5
Meat Packing Plants	2.0	2.0	1.9	0.0	- 5.3
Dairy Products	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0
Grain Mill Products	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.0	- 5.9
Bakery Products	5.1	5.1	5.0	0.0	+ 2.0

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table III

(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

January 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1990	Dec.[2] 1989	Jan. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1989
Beverages	2.4	2.3	2.4	+ 4.3	0.0
Tobacco Manufacturers	16.4	16.2	17.8	+ 1.5	- 7.9
Cigarettes	11.0	10.9	13.2	+ 0.9	- 16.7
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.1	5.0	4.2	+ 2.0	+ 21.4
Textile Mill Products	191.0	191.7	192.5	- 0.4	- 0.8
Broadwoven Fabrics-Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	45.9	46.0	47.2	- 0.2	- 2.8
Broadwoven Fabrics Mills-Cotton	21.2	21.3	21.5	- 0.5	- 1.4
Broadwoven Fabrics Mills-Manmade	22.8	22.8	24.1	0.0	- 5.4
Knitting Mills	74.4	74.6	72.7	- 0.3	+ 2.3
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	20.6	20.6	20.3	0.0	+ 1.5
Hosiery, NEC	21.9	21.8	21.3	+ 0.5	+ 2.8
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	14.6	14.6	14.1	0.0	+ 3.5
Lace and Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.2	5.2	5.0	0.0	+ 4.0
Textile Finishing, except Wool	14.1	14.0	14.3	+ 0.7	- 1.4
Yarn & Thread Mills	44.2	44.8	46.0	- 1.3	- 3.9
Apparel & Other Textile Products	71.3	71.8	71.6	- 0.7	- 0.4
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	24.8	24.9	24.6	- 0.4	+ 0.8
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	28.1	28.3	29.4	- 0.7	- 4.4
Paper & Allied Products	17.8	17.8	17.7	0.0	+ 0.6
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	7.4	7.4	7.4	0.0	0.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	7.0	7.1	6.9	- 1.4	+ 1.4
Printing & Publishing	18.9	18.9	18.4	0.0	+ 2.7
Newspapers	4.1	4.1	4.0	0.0	+ 2.5
Chemicals & Allied Products	28.4	28.0	28.3	+ 1.4	+ 0.4
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	10.8	10.8	10.6	0.0	+ 1.9
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	27.7	27.7	29.0	0.0	- 4.5
Other Nondurable Goods[3]	3.6	3.7	3.9	- 2.7	- 7.7

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

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